



CAF-123

Seat No

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

December - 2021

Mathematics : Paper - CCMAT-501*(Group Theory)*

Time 3 Hours]

[Total Marks 70

- Instructions :** (i) All questions are compulsory
 (ii) Numbers to the right indicates the marks of each question.

- 1 (a) Show that the set of four transformations f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4 defined on the set of complex numbers as, $f_1(z) = z, f_2(z) = \frac{1}{z}, f_3(z) = \frac{1}{\bar{z}}, f_4(z) = \bar{z}$ forms a finite abelian group of order four wr to compositions of functions. 6

OR

- (a) If H is a subgroup of a finite group G then prove that $\frac{O(H)}{O(G)}$ 6

- (b) Attempt any Two 12

(I) Define order of an element of a group G . If a is any element of group G then show that

- (i) $O(a^k) \mid O(a)$, for some integer k
 (ii) If $O(a) = n$ and p is prime to n , then $O(a^p) = n$

- (2) If $G = (Z, +)$ and $H = nZ$, then obtain all right cosets of H in G and find the index of H in G

- (3) State and prove the Euler's theorem. If P is an odd prime then show that $1^{P-1} + 2^{P-1} + \dots + (P-1)^{P-1} \equiv (-1) \pmod{P}$

- 2 (a) Define Normal subgroup. If a cyclic subgroup H of a group G is normal in G then show that any subgroup of G is also normal in G 6

OR

- (a) Define the term 'Permutation'. Prove that out of $n!$ permutations on n symbols, $\frac{n!}{2}$ are even and $\frac{n!}{2}$ are odd permutations 6

- (b) Attempt any Two: 12

(1) Define Transposition and Disjoint cycles. Prove that any two disjoint cycles in S_n are commutative. <https://www.hnguonline.com>

(2) Let N be a subgroup of group G such that $a^2 \in N, \forall a \in G$, then show that N is normal subgroup of G .

(3) Let $G = C \setminus \{0\}$ and

$$G' = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \mid a, b \in R, a^2 + b^2 \neq 0 \right\} \text{ be}$$

two groups under multiplication. Define

$$f: G \rightarrow G' \text{ by } f(Z) = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix}, \text{ for}$$

$Z = a + ib \in C \setminus \{0\}$ then show that f is an isomorphism

3 (a) Let $G = \langle a \rangle$ is a finite cyclic group with 7

$|G| = n$. Prove that for every positive divisor

m of n , $H = \langle a^{\frac{n}{m}} \rangle$ is a unique subgroup of G of order m

OR

(a) Let $G = (Z, +)$ and $G' = (Z_n, +_n)$ be two 6

groups. Define a mapping $\phi: G \rightarrow G'$ as $\phi(k) = [k], k \in G$, then show that ϕ is an onto homomorphism with kernel $K_\phi = nZ$. Deduce that $Z/nZ \cong (Z_n, +_n)$.

(b) Attempt any Two: 12

- (1) If $G \neq \{e\}$ is a group having no proper subgroup, then show that G is a cyclic group of prime order.
- (2) Prove that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic
- (3) Show that if G is a cyclic group of prime order, then a homomorphism $\phi: G \rightarrow G'$ is either an isomorphism or $\phi(a) = e$, for each $a \in G$.

4 Attempt any Four

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- (1) If a is any element of group G is the only element of order 2 then, show that $a \in G$ commutes with every $x \in G$
- (2) Solve $7^{1225} \pmod{10}$
- (3) Show that $f \in S_{15}$,

where $f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 \\ 10 & 13 & 4 & 5 & 12 & 3 & 15 & 2 & 9 & 11 & 6 & 1 & 14 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ is an odd permutation. Find $O(f)$

- (4) Show that every isomorphic image of a cyclic group is cyclic
- (5) Give an example of a finite abelian group of order four which is not cyclic

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