



ABR-1670

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

M. Sc. (Sem. I) Examination

November / December - 2016

CHN-403 (P) - Physical Chemistry : Paper - III

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- instructions : (1) Attempt all questions.  
(2) All questions carry equal marks.

1 (a) Write any 02 of the following :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

- Discuss the solutions of Schrodinger's equation considering hydrogen atom.
- Explain first order and degenerate concept of perturbation theory.
- Define an operator in quantum mechanics and rules for setting up quantum mechanical operator with an example of momentum operator.
- For the first two states,  $n=1$  and  $n=2$  for a particle in one dimensional box of length of  $L$ . Find the values of Eigen functions at several values of  $x$  between  $-L/2$  and  $+L/2$ . Draw the corresponding plots and indicate the symmetry of wave functions.

(b) Attempt any 01 of the following :  $1 \times 4 = 4$

- The size of nucleus is  $10^{-12}$  cm treating it as a one-dimensional box show why electron does not exist in the nucleus.
- Write a note on variation theorem.

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[ Contd...

2 (a) Answer any two of the following :

- Explain step up ladder operators with examples.
- Discuss term separation energies of the  $d^n$  configuration.
- Write a note on extended Huckel theory.
- Discuss orbital and spin motion of subatomic particle like electrons considering angular momentum operator.

(b) Attempt any one of the following :

- Discuss Russel Saunders terms and coupling schemes in general.
- Explain concept of addition of angular momentum considering two sources of angular momentum  $J_1$  and  $J_2$ .

3 (a) Do any two of the following :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

- Define partial molar volume and determine the partial molar volume for a binary mixture using density measurement method.
- Define activity and determine its value using Gibb's Duhem equation method.
- Explain Zeroth law of thermodynamics. Give its mathematical representation and concept of temperature.
- Define phase rule and discuss its various applications.

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(b) Attempt any one of the followings :  $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) From a plot of  $\alpha/RT$  vs  $P$  for  $\text{CO}_2$ , the area under the curve between 0 to 100 atm is found of  $0.0875 \text{ atm dm}^{-3} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ . Calculate fugacity at 100 atm and  $0^\circ\text{C}$ .
- (ii) Calculate partial molar volume for 0.2M solution of NaCl using following equation  $V = 1000 + 35m + 0.5m^2$ .

4 (a) Answer any two of the followings :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (i) Define partition function and give physical significance of partition function. *2221*
- (ii) Derive equation for translational partition function. *232*
- (iii) Derive an equation for entropy production in irreversible systems.
- (iv) Define irreversible thermodynamics and define its salient features and assumptions.

(b) Do any two of the followings :  $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) Derive an equation for Heat content in terms partition function.
- (ii) Calculate the rotational partition function of molecular hydrogen at 0 C. Where  $I = 0.459 \times 10^{-40} \text{ gm cm}^2$ ,  $K = 1.38 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg/degree/mole cm}$ ,  $h = 6.624 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg sec}$ ,  $R = 82.06 \text{ c.c. atm/deg/mole}$ .

5 Attempt 7 from the following

$2 \times 7 = 14$

- (1) Spin angular momentum
- (2) Normalised
- (3) Term symbol
- (4) Singlet and triplet excited states
- (5) Physical significance of Wave function
- (6) Activity
- (7) Assembly
- (8) Entropy
- (9) Internal energy
- (10) Microstate
- (11) Phenomenological laws
- (12) Extensive property
- (13) First law of thermodynamics
- (14) State variable of system.